

# Preliminary Environmental Impact Assessment Screening

Preliminary EIA Screening for Donegal County Council for the construction of Phase 1 of a housing development and all associated site works in Barrack Hill, Carndonagh, Co. Donegal.

**Greentrack Environmental Consultants** 

October 2023

## **DOCUMENT DETAILS**

Client: Donegal County Council

Project Title: Preliminary EIA Screening

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Carndonagh

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Prepared By:



**Greentrack Consultancy Limited** 

4 Roe House,

Dry Arch Business Park,

Letterkenny, Co. Donegal F92 NHT0

074 9126483



### 1 INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Background

Greentrack Consultants have received instruction from Donegal County Council to undertake this "Preliminary Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Screening" examining their proposal for the construction of a housing development at Barrack Hill, Carndonagh, Co. Donegal.

EIA Screening is the process of deciding whether a development requires an EIA to be carried out. The EIA Screening exercise first assesses the development to ascertain if it is subject to Mandatory EIA, using classifications defined in the EIA Directive (projects listed in Annex I of the EIA Directive are subject to an EIA).

If the project is not listed in Annex I, and no mandatory EIA is required, the EIA Screening process progresses to sub-threshold development assessment.

Projects listed in Annex II of the EIA Directive are subject to an EIA if:

- (i) they exceed certain thresholds (set out in Annex II and by each Member State);
- (ii) or if they do not meet or exceed the threshold, but where the project is deemed likely to have significant environmental effects, with regards to the project's scale, nature, location and context. Such projects need to be assessed on a case-by-case basis. EU Guidance on EIA Screening states that whilst Member States may set thresholds or criteria for the purpose of determining which projects are to be assessed on the basis of their environmental effects, they "should not be required to examine projects below those thresholds or outside those criteria on a case-by-case basis".

Annexes I and II of the EIA Directive have been transposed to Irish legislation through the Planning and Development Regulations 2001, as amended, in Schedule 5 Parts 1 and 2, with national thresholds added to some Part 2 developments. In line with the EU Guidance on EIA Screening, the Office of the Planning Regulator (OPR) Practice Note PN02 Environmental Impact Assessment Screening states that if a project "is not of a class of development in Schedule 5, Parts 1 and 2, it is not "sub-threshold" development, and no EIA or EIA Screening is required".

This EIA Screening has been prepared by Greentrack Consultants with all reasonable care, due diligence, professional application, and best scientific knowledge available to Greentrack at the time of writing. Screening was carried out using guidance from the following documents:

- 'Environmental Impact Assessment Screening' Practice Note PN02 produced by the Office of the Planning Regulator.
- 'EU Guidance on EIA Screening' European Commission
- 'Guidelines of the Information to be contained in Environmental Impact Assessment Reports (2017)' produced by the Environmental Protection Agency.

Information contained within this report is based on the interpretation of data provided and has been accepted by Greentrack in good faith. Greentrack accept no responsibility to any third party to whom this report is made known or available. Any such third parties rely on the findings of this report at their own risk. The aim of this screening report is to aid the Competent Authority in determining whether or not an "Environmental Impact Assessment" is required for the proposed works.

#### 1.2 Statement of Authority

This report was compiled by Colin Farrell. Colin is a hydrologist with Greentrack and holds a BSc. Geochemistry from Reading University and MSc Applied Environmental Science from Queens University Belfast. Colin has over 10 years' experience working with Greentrack in dealing with Environmental Impact Assessments, Site Remediation Works, Quarry Assessments, Flood Risk Assessment, Hydrological and Hydrogeological Reports.



## 2 MANDATORY EIA or SUB-THRESHOLD

This section will examine if the project falls under the projects listed for mandatory EIA or considered sub-threshold under the Planning and Development Regulations 2001 (as amended).

Table 2.1: Mandatory or sub-threshold EIA determination

Mandatory or sub-threshold EIA Determination						
Project Title	Phase 1 of a housing development and all associated site works in Barrack Hill,					
Project Description	Carndonagh, Co. Donegal  The proposal is for the initial phase of construction of a mixed accommodation style housing development in Barrack Hill, Carndonagh, Co. Donegal. Twenty-one (21) accommodation units are planned of which six (6) are semi-detached 3-bedroom houses, twelve (12) are semi-detached 2-bedroom houses and three (3) are semi-detached 4-bedroom houses. Significant open spaces are to be provided with a walkway and cycle lane created along the nearby riverbank. Stormwater is proposed to be discharged to the existing stormwater system and foul water connected into the public sewer system. Stormwater attenuation is to be provided by SuDS¹ design. The public sewer is treated at the Carndonagh Wastewater Treatment Plant.					
A Schedule 5 Part 1 of the Planning and Development Regulations 2001 (as amended) – Does the development comprise a project listed?						
Yes – Class -	erspirite comprise a project fistea.	EIA is mandatory.  No preliminary Screening required.				
X No, the develo	opment is not listed in Schedule 5, part 1.	Proceed to B				
B Schedule 5 Part 2 of the Planning and Development Regulations 2001 (as amended) – Does the development comprise a project listed?						
No, the develo	opment is not listed in Schedule 5, part 2.	No preliminary screening required.				
	ct is listed in Schedule 5, Part 2 and Is the threshold – Class & Threshold –	EIA is mandatory.  No preliminary Screening required.				
Yes, the proje Class –	ct is of a type listed but is sub-threshold –	Proceed to C				
C If a sub-thres provided?	C If a sub-threshold project, has Schedule 7A information or EIAR screening report been provided?					
Yes, Schedule has been prov	7A information or EIAR screening report vided	Project should be subject to EIAR Screening and subsequent determination.				
X No, Schedule has not been	7A information or EIAR screening report provided	Preliminary EIA screening required.				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sustainable drainage systems (SuDS) are drainage solutions that provide an alternative to the direct channelling of surface water through a network of pipes and sewers to nearby watercourses



As noted in Table 2.1 above, the project is seen to be of a type listed in Schedule 5, part 2 of the Planning and Development Regulations 2001 (as amended) but is sub threshold and no Schedule 7A information has been provided. Therefore, the project should undergo preliminary examination for EIA screening.

## 3 PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION for EIA SCREENING

Where a development is 'sub-threshold' and is not accompanied by an EIAR or Schedule 7A information, a preliminary examination, of, at least, the nature, size or location of the development to conclude if there is a likelihood of significant effects on the environment, must be carried out.

Preliminary examinations must consider at least the following:

- The nature of the development including the production of wastes and pollutants
- The size of the development or
- The location of the development including the potential to impact on certain ecologically sensitive sites and the potential to affect other environmentally sensitive sites in the area.
   This will require consideration of the overlap with Appropriate Assessment (AA) and consideration will need to be given to hydrological and other connections to Natura 2000 sites.



Table 3.1: Preliminary Examination for EIA Screening

#### **Preliminary Examination for EIA Screening:** A preliminary examination of, at the least, the nature, size or location of the development. Is the nature of the Comment Yes/No/Uncertain proposed The development is an extension of the housing associated with the town of Carndonagh and lies within the town Nο development boundaries. The site itself is an agricultural field but lies less than 400m south of Carndonagh town centre. The exceptional in the surrounding area is urbanised to the north, west and south and there are significant housing estates approximately context of the 500m to the east. The development proposes to add another 21 dwellings with associated access road, car parking and existing communal landscaped areas on an approximately 1-hectare site. environment? The nature of the proposed development is small scale, in keeping with, and not exceptional in the context of the existing environment. Will the The development will have a construction and operational phase. The construction process will result in the production Nο Nature of the development result of waste. Waste will be recycled where possible and any disposal of waste will be to an authorised facility by licenced Development in the production of hauliers. Waste management will be in accordance with the Construction and Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) any significant for the site. No significant negative impacts are considered likely. Operational waste from the development will be waste, or result in domestic waste from the residential units. All domestic waste will be collected by a licenced waste contractor and taken significant to an authorised facility. No significant negative impacts are considered likely. emissions or The construction process has the potential to cause nuisance related to noise, dust, surface water and vibration impacts. pollutants? The CEMP will detail measures to mitigate likely impacts. SUDs drainage design measures will be incorporated into the operation of the proposal to attenuate stormwater flow and quality. The proposed development will be subject to normal conditions related to construction working hours to protect the residential amenity of the area. All housing units will have air to water heat pumps as the main heating system. All units come without stoves and chimneys, therefore no emissions from burning fossil fuels will be released. Is the size of the This proposed social housing development is approximately 400 m south of Carndonagh town centre and well within the Nο overall town boundary. The development proposes to add another 21 dwellings with associated access road, car parking proposed development and communal landscaped areas on a 1-hectare greenfield site. exceptional in the The size of the proposed development is small-scale and not exceptional in the context of the existing environment. context of the Size of the existing **Development** environment? The proposed development is phase 1 of an overall development plan for the entire landholding. There is a total of 8.7 Are there No cumulative hectares in the overall landholding but a significant portion of this of this is listed as OPW attenuation areas due to the considerations proximity of the Carrowreagh River. No definitive plans are available for further phases of development but taking the having regard to available land for development and extrapolating using a similar housing density to that proposed in Phase1, the site has other existing potential for up to 100 more residential units. Taking this conservative approach, and assuming an overall development



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Preliminary Examination for EIA Screening:  A preliminary examination of, at the least, the nature, size or location of the development.						
	and/or permitted projects?	of 121 residential u number of houses a	nits, the overall development would	d remain sub-threshold fo	or mandatory EIA both in relation to the	
Location of Development					No	
Does the proposed development have the potential to affect other significant environmental sensitivities in the area that are likely to be negatively affected by the development either in construction stage or during the operational phase.  There are no other environmental sensitivities in the area that are likely to be negatively affected by the development either in construction stage or during the operational phase.  Sensitivities in the area?				No		
Preliminary Examination for EIA Screening Conclusion:  Based on a preliminary examination of the nature, size or location of the development.						
x						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sensitive locations or features includes European sites, NHA/pNHA, Designated Nature Reserves, land designated as a refuge for flora and fauna, and any other ecological site which is the objective of a CDP/LAP (including draft plans).



Preliminary Examination for EIA Screening:							
A preliminary examination of, at the least, the nature, size or location of the development.							
There is no real likelihood of significant effects on the environment.	There is significant and realsitic doubt regarding the likelihood of significant effects on the environment.	There is real likelihood of significant effects on the environment.					
EIA is not required.	Schedule 7A information should be collated and EIAR Screening required.	An EIAR is required					



## 4 PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION EIA SCREENING CONCLUSION

Based on a preliminary examination of the nature, size and location of the development, and for the reasons provided in Table 3.1 above, the proposed development at Barrack Hill, Carndonagh, Co. Donegal is assessed as having no real likelihood of significant effects on the environment. It is determined on this basis that EIA is not required.

